

COVID19: Could RIA serum 25-hydroxycalciferol-D₃ represent a reliable prognostic factor of disease outcome?

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INTRODUCTION-BACKGROUND

- **Hypovitaminosis D** is associated with many disorders, including DM, bronchial asthma, neurodegenerative entities, cardiac diseases, & obesity with immune-induced inflammatory conditions
- **COVID-19** patients bearing severe manifestations, usually suffer from at least one of the aforementioned diseases
- Evaluation of serum levels of 25-hydroxycalciferol [$25(\text{OH})\text{D}_3$ or vitamin D] in **COVID-19** patients could predict disease outcome

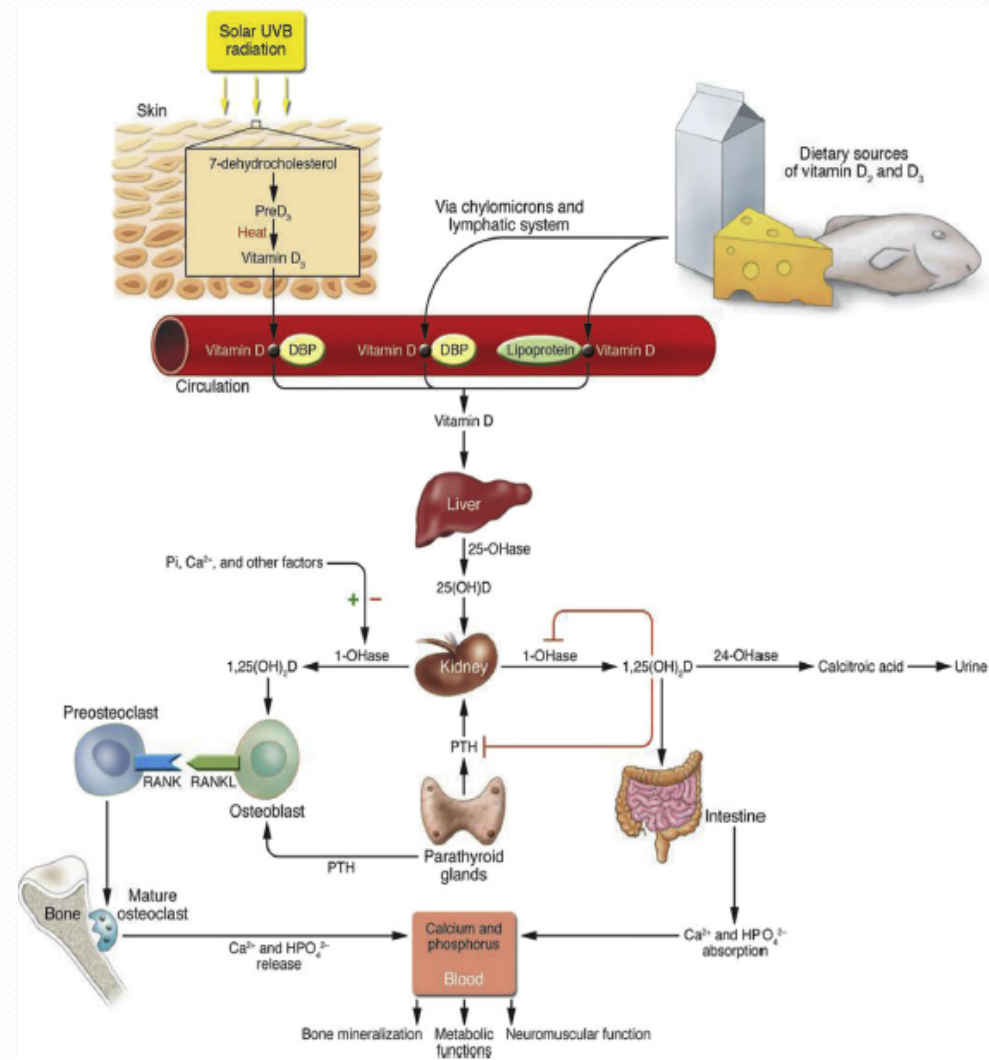
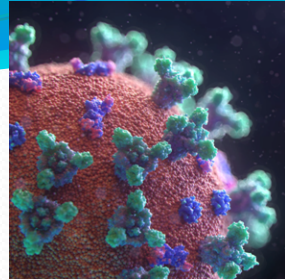


Fig. 1. Vitamin D synthesis and metabolism [17].



METHODOLOGY

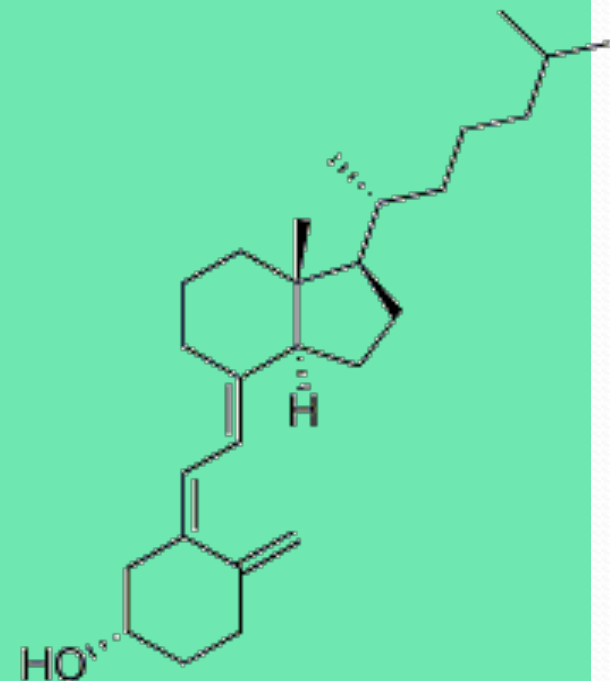


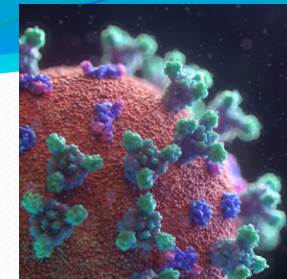
N° of patients with Covid19: 63		Mean age (yrs)	Methods
males	females		
47	16	76 ± 8	<p>A blood sample was collected from each patient & baseline 25(OH)D₃ was measured in our laboratory by radioimmunoassay (RIA) using the kit 25-OH Vitamin D total RIA (Immunotech, Prague, Czech Republic)</p> <p>Thereafter, for hospitalized patients, blood sampling was repeated once/wk unless otherwise indicated, in terms of clinical deterioration;</p> <p>for homebound patients, serum 25(OH)D₃ was determined at the end of the surveillance period</p> <p>Finally, 25(OH)D₃ measurements were performed during follow-up at local protocol-based intervals</p>



RESULTS

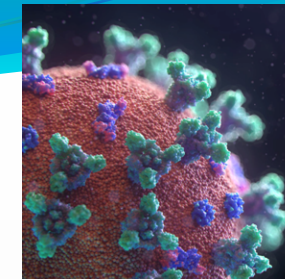
- A total of 189 blood samples revealed hypovitaminosis D escalating from mild to severe at analogous clinical conditions
- The lowest serum 25(OH)D₃ levels were found in patients at advanced disease, while higher values were compatible with better performance status &/or clinical & imaging improvement





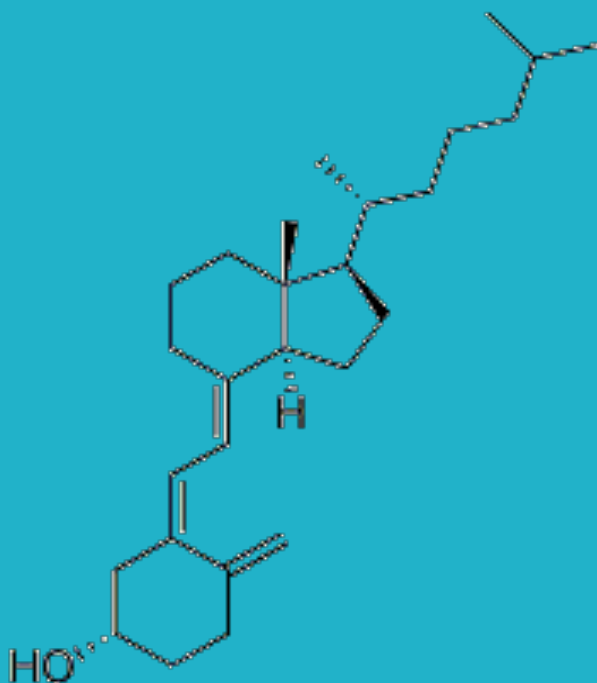
DISCUSSION

- Vitamin D constitutes an integral part of various cellular processes, such as the mitochondrial function, reduction of inflammation, antagonism of oxidative stress, as well as regulation of intraneural calcium
- According to the herein preliminary results, COVID19 patients expressed progressively lower $25(\text{OH})\text{D}_3$ values, in accordance with advancing clinical & imaging status



CONCLUSIONS

- Further research may substantiate the application of **RIA** determination of **25(OH)D₃** levels as a valuable prognostic factor of **COVID19** outcome





**Thank you
for your time and attention**

